



**2024/FYUG/EVEN/SEM/
PHI IDC-151T/005**

FYUG Even Semester Exam., 2024

PHILOSOPHY

(2nd Semester)

Course No. : PHI IDC-151T

(Environmental Ethics)

Full Marks : 70

Pass Marks : 28

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*



The Learning App

SECTION—A

Answer any *twenty* of the following questions :

1×20=20

- 1. Is environmental ethics a branch of applied ethics?**
- 2. Mention one major challenge of environmental ethics.**

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(Turn Over)



(2)

3. Is environmental pollution an ethical issue?
4. Is man and environment interrelated?
5. Mention one adverse effect of environmental pollution.
6. Who coined the term 'ecology'?
7. Who is called the father of social ecology?
8. What are the two branches of ecology?
9. Write one principle of deep ecology.
10. Mention one difference between social ecology and ecofeminism.
11. Is anthropocentrism sustainable?

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(Continued)

(3)

12. Who introduced ecocentrism?
13. Which ethical theory recognizes the interconnectedness and interdependence of all living beings and emphasizes the equality of all species?
14. What is anthropocentric view about environment?
15. Does eco-centrism consider the environment to be intrinsically valuable?
16. Is animal ethics a branch of applied ethics?
17. Who wrote the book, *Animal Liberation*?
18. What is the primary concern of animal ethics?
19. Do animals have intrinsic value according to anthropocentrism?

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(Turn Over)



20. Is ecology rightly considered as a 'holistic science'?
21. Who coined the term 'bioethics'?
22. Is bioethics related to issues connected to life science?
23. Is medical ethics a sub-discipline of bioethics?
24. Is bioethics a science?
25. Mention one principle of bioethics.

SECTION—B

Answer any *five* of the following questions : $2 \times 5 = 10$

26. Mention two points of importance of environmental ethics.
27. Mention two causes of air pollution.

28. What does deep ecology mean?
29. What are the four aspects of social ecology?
30. Define biocentrism.
31. What is the difference between ecocentrism and biocentrism?
32. Define ecology.
33. Why do we need animal ethics? Mention two points.
34. How does bioethics provide practical guidance in human conduct?
35. What is the deontological approach to bioethics?

SECTION—C

Answer any *five* of the following questions : $8 \times 5 = 40$

36. What is environmental ethics? Discuss the scope of environmental ethics. $2 + 6 = 8$

**(6)**

37. Discuss the problem of environmental pollution from the ethical point of view. 8
38. What is ecofeminism? Discuss the main concern of ecofeminism. 2+6=8
39. What is meant by social ecology? Discuss the problems and strengths of social ecology. 2+6=8
40. What are the main theories of environmental ethics? Explain briefly. 8
41. What is anthropocentrism? Distinguish between anthropocentrism and ecocentrism. 4+4=8
42. What is animal ethics? Are animals to be equally treated with men? Discuss. 2+6=8
43. Examine the concept of 'animal rights'. Does the practice of experimenting with animals morally justified? Explain. 4+4=8

(7)

44. What is bioethics? Explain the nature of bioethics. 2+6=8
45. Describe the importance of bioethics in contemporary society. 8
